

Florida Rule 6A-6.014(4)(c) – Adult Education Verification

Administrative Note: This policy is intended solely to verify compliance with Florida Rule 6A-6.014(4)(c) and is not intended to determine immigration eligibility beyond establishing U.S. citizenship or lawful presence for Adult Education enrollment purposes.

Category A – Proof of U.S. Citizenship - Primary Documents

- Valid U.S. Passport
- U.S. Passport Card
- U.S. Birth Certificate issued by a state, county, municipal authority, or U.S. territory
- Consular Report of Birth Abroad (Form FS-240)
- Certification of Birth Abroad (Forms FS-545 or DS-1350)
- Certificate of Naturalization (Form N-550 or N-570)
- Certificate of Citizenship (Form N-560 or N-561)
- Enhanced Driver's License from a state that designates U.S. citizenship
- Official verification from a federal agency confirming U.S. citizenship

Category B – Proof of Lawful Permanent Resident Status

The following documents demonstrate lawful permanent residence:

- Permanent Resident Card ("Green Card") Form I-551
- Alien Registration Receipt Card (older Form I-551 versions)
- Temporary I-551 stamp in foreign passport
- Machine Readable Immigrant Visa (MRIV) with I-551 endorsement
- USCIS notice granting permanent resident status when accompanied by identifying documentation

Category C – Employment Authorized Non-Citizens

The following documents may demonstrate lawful presence:

- Employment Authorization Document (EAD) Form I-766
- Older EAD versions (Forms I-688A, I-688B)

Category D – Refugees, Asylees, and Humanitarian Status

- Refugees
 - Form I-94 indicating refugee status
 - Refugee Travel Document (Form I-571)
 - USCIS refugee approval documentation
- Asylees

- Order granting asylum
- USCIS asylum approval letter
- Form I-94 reflecting asylum status
- Employment Authorization Document showing asylum eligibility
- Humanitarian Programs
 - Parole authorization documentation
 - Approved humanitarian parole documentation
 - Special Immigrant Visa (SIV) documentation
 - Afghan or Iraqi SIV approval documentation
 - Documentation issued under federal humanitarian programs

Category E – Temporary Protected Status (TPS)

- USCIS TPS approval notice (Form I-797)
- EAD showing TPS authorization
- Other USCIS documentation confirming active TPS status

Category F – Nonimmigrant Visa Holders

- Students
 - F-1 Student Visa with Form I-20
 - M-1 Vocational Student Visa with Form I-20
- Exchange Visitors
 - J-1 Visa with Form DS-2019
 - Employment-Based Visas
 - H-1B
 - H-2A
 - H-2B
 - L-1
 - O-1
 - P-1
 - R-1
- Visitor Visas
 - B-1 Business Visitor
 - B-2 Tourist Visitor

Category G – Pending Immigration Cases

Students may demonstrate lawful presence if they can provide documentation showing a pending application authorized by federal immigration law.

- USCIS Receipt Notice (Form I-797)
- Adjustment of Status application receipt
- Temporary protected status application receipt with associated authorization
- Asylum application receipt and accompanying lawful presence documentation
- Immigration judge orders granting authorized status

Category H – Department of Homeland Security (DHS) and USCIS Correspondence

- USCIS Form I-797 Notice of Action
- USCIS approval notices
- DHS parole authorization letters
- Refugee admission letters
- Asylum approval notices
- Temporary Protected Status approval notices
- Immigration court orders granting legal status
- Board of Immigration Appeals decisions granting legal status

Category I – Electronic Verification Documents

- Electronic I-94 Admission Record obtained from U.S. Customs and Border Protection
- USCIS online account records
- DHS-issued electronic notices

Documents That Do Not Alone Establish Lawful Presence

The following documents by themselves shall not be accepted as proof of citizenship or lawful presence:

- Foreign driver's license
- Foreign national identification card
- Social Security card
- ITIN documentation
- Library card
- Utility bill
- Lease agreement
- Bank statement

- School identification card
- Individual tax return
- Employment records without immigration documentation
- Expired immigration documents that provide no evidence of continuing lawful status